Defining of Scope of Product Under Consideration

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II. Determining Scope of Product under consideration in practices

III. Cases in Korea

Article 2.1 and 2.6 of AD Agreement

No definition on product under consideration in AD Agreement

- Article 2.1: For the purpose of this Agreement, a product is to be considered as being dumped, i.e. introduced into the commerce of another country at less than its normal value, if the export price of the product exported from one country to another is less than the comparable price, in the ordinary course of trade, for the like product when destined for consumption in the exporting country."
- Article 2.6 : Throughout this Agreement the term "like product" ("produit similaire") shall be interpreted to mean a product which is identical, i.e. alike in all respects to the product under consideration, or in the absence of such a product, another product which, although not alike in all respects, has characteristics closely resembling those of the product under consideration.

Anti-dumping investigation manual of Korea

Before the initiation of investigation : Product under consideration

 A product concerning which an application for anti-dumping
 investigation is made

***** After the initiation of investigation : *Product under investigation*

- A product that an investigating authority has determined to investigate among goods alleged by a complainant to have been dumped
- Scope of the product under investigation could be different from the scope of product under consideration

Final decision : Product under anti-dumping duty

- Some items may be excluded from the scope of the product under anti-dumping duty

Significance of defining the scope of product under consideration

Starting point of an investigation

- Standard for deciding which goods are to be investigate to find out existence of dumping
- Standard for determining the scope of the domestic like product and of the domestic industry sustaining injury from the dumped imports

Significant impacts on the result of an investigation

- If defined inappropriately, difficult to prove dumping and injury
- If defined too narrowly, the effect of protecting the domestic industry will be insufficient

Investigating authority's tendency to define the scope varies

- Depending on the condition of its domestic industry and the characteristics of the product

II. Determining Scope of Product under consideration in practice

Application

- An applicant indicates a product believed to be dumped and cause injury to its business
- When deciding the scope of the product, considers likenesses or similarities in physical characteristics, uses, channels of distribution, substitutability, level of competition with its own product, etc.
- Consult with investigating authority regarding the scope

Investigating Authority

- Investigating authority's advice is important to ensure the scope of the product under consideration clearly defined
- After initiation of investigation, the scope may be changed to reflect new information and interested parties' opinion

II. Determining Scope of Product under consideration in practice

Decision on "a single product"

- The product under consideration should be "a single product"
 - (Article 2.1) A product is to be considered being dumped,
 - If more than one product, another investigation needed
- Decision on "whether a single product or more" is sometimes difficult and controversial depending on the product
 - Investigating authorities sometimes make discretionary decision to expand the scope of a product under investigation
 - Black-and-white TV vs. Color TV

KTC's criteria for the decision

- Sameness or likeness in physical, commercial, functional aspects, and production

II. Determining Scope of Product under consideration in practice

WTO cases as to product under consideration

US – Softwood Lumber from Canada (DS264, April 2004, Panel)

- AD agreement does not provide explicit guidelines
- US determined the product under investigation based on a technical definition that included a descriptive explanation and tariff classification, and used the identical definition for like product

Korea – Paper from Indonesia (DS312, February 2005, Panel)

- KTC determined "the product under consideration" to be PPC and WF (Indonesia insisted that PPC and WF are different products)
- KTC also defined the domestically produced PPC and WF using identical definition of the PPC and WF imported from Indonesia
- KTC's definition of like product was consistent with provision in Art. 2.6, and KTC's injury determination based on the definition of like product was consistent with AD agreement



III. Practices and Cases in KOREA

KTC's examination regarding the scope of the product under consideration during the process of investigation

- Particle Board: The scope of an investigation was reduced at the stage of examining the application
- Wood-free Printing Paper: Exporters' opinion was examined after the initiation of an investigation, but not accepted
- Bottle Cans: The scope of products subjects to the imposition of duties was reduced after the initiation of an investigation
- Stainless Steel Bars: The scope of the product subject to the imposition of duties was reduced during the sunset review

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