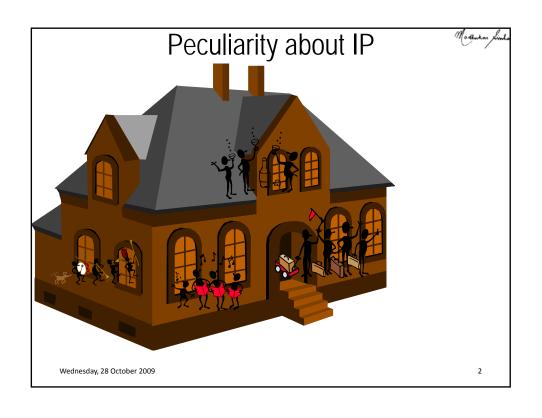
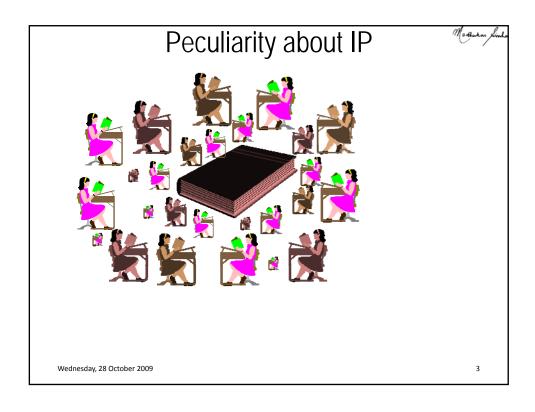
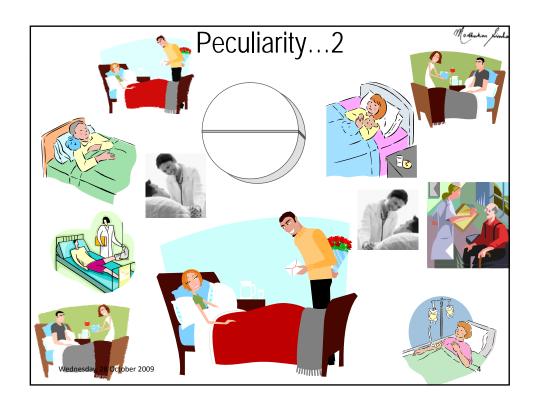
TRIPS

Workshop on WTO Agreements: A Capacity Building Initiative
State-wise Outreach Programme
Ahmedabad, 27-10-2009







Madrukan fin

Peculiarity about IP

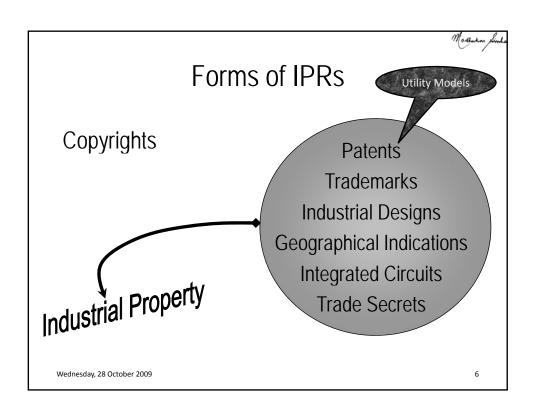
The object is not the IP

a characteristic of the item or device or work or object And its laws?

provide the owner an exclusive right for a limited period to stop others from making, using or selling that product without his permission

Ensure due stream of returns

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Other Forms

Madrukan Lind

Plant varieties

Micro organisms

Personality rights

Domain Names

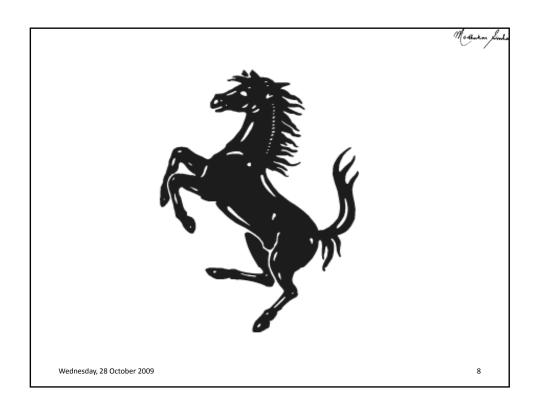
Database Rights

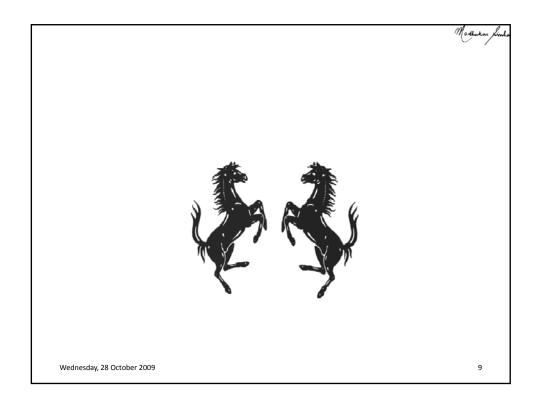
Yet other forms

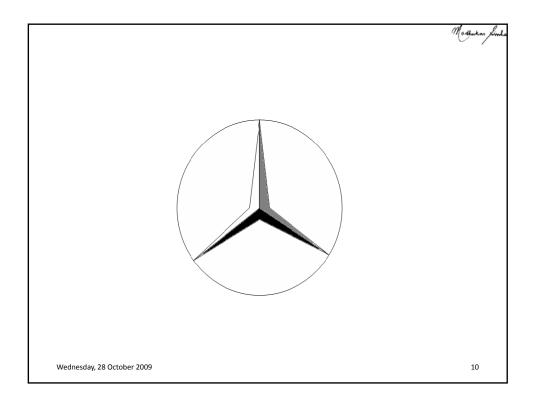
Traditional knowledge

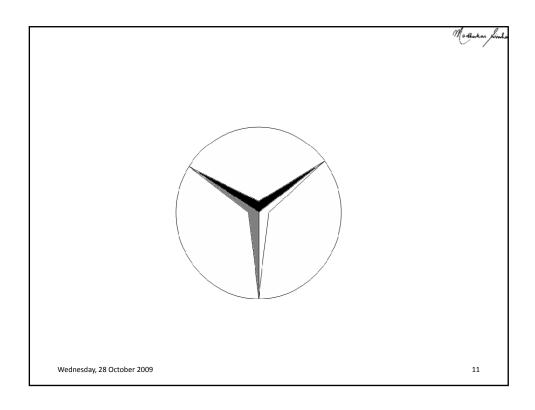
Traditional Cultural Expressions

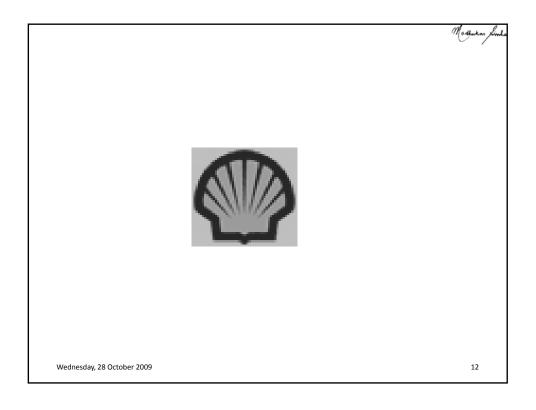
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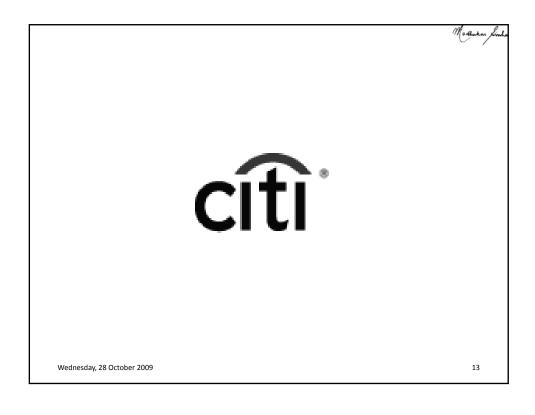


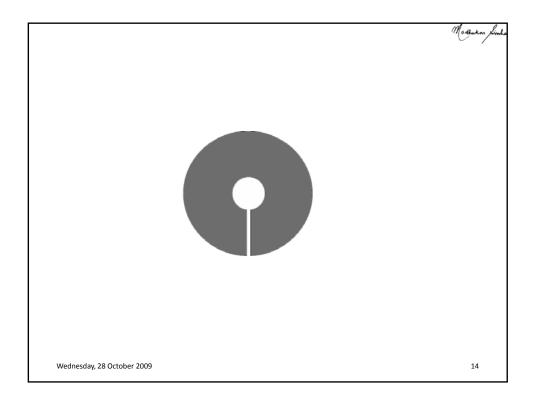


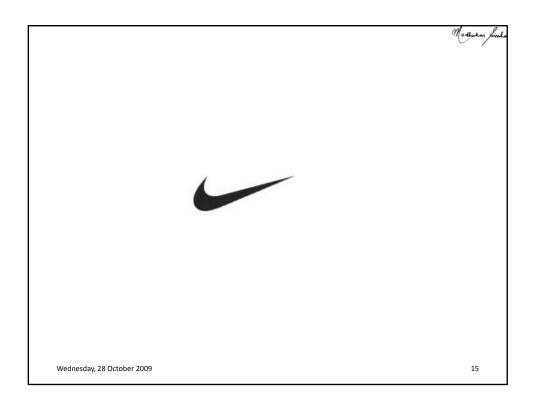


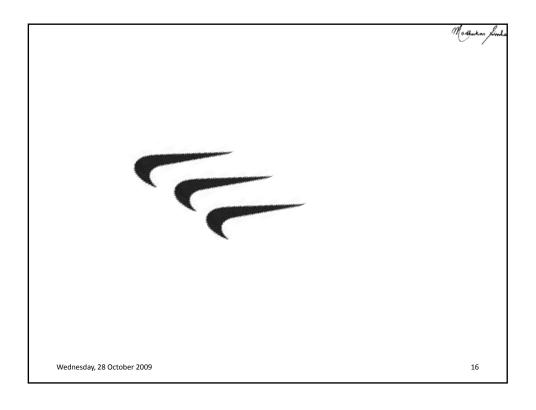














Trademarks

Madhukan Jimba

Free riding on reputation

Doctrine of passing off

An act of unfair competition

Well known marks need not be registered

Cases



Surya with a half rising sun; Bhaskar with a full rising sun for tube lights

Robin with a device of a bird sitting on a twig; Bul Bul with two birds-one partially hiding the other for blue

Cases



Mercedes Benz cars with the symbol of a Three Pointed Star and VIP Benz vests with a star symbol

Rediff v/s Radiff Yahoo v/s YahooIndia



Patents

Process Patents vs. Product Patents

Reverse Engineering

Bolar exceptions



Undisclosed Information

Commercial value owing to secrecy

Adequate care taken

Loss likely if secrecy is breached



Designs

Only aesthetics

Non-functional

Major reason for purchase

All things remaining the same, purchases made for design

Willingness to pay premium for better design



Earlier

Copying was easy

Imitation was (and is still) the fastest way of diffusion of knowledge

Cross-border enforcement was unheard of

Markets like India did not have sufficient purchasing power



Now

Copying remains easy but fear of legal action very strong

Imitation is proceeded against by the right holder

Large number of cases against imitators and potential copiers by foreign firms

India is a lucrative market which everyone wants to secure



Protection of the Rights

Two levels of legal instruments

Municipal Law International Law

Two principles of non-discrimination

National treatment Most Favoured Nation

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Uruguay Round

Conclusion of Uruguay Round - 1994

Marrakech Agreement of 1994 creates the WTO

Countries signing the Marrakech Agreement automatically became signatories of all multilateral agreements including one at Annex 1 C

Agreement or

Trade-Related aspects of Intellectual Property Rights

Monitored by the Council for Trade in IP or the TRIPS Council at the WTO

Single undertaking

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Madhukan Limb

TRIPS ...2

The most comprehensive omnibus document on International IP Law

Many obligations envisaged: some met some not

Asymmetry of power relations internationally most

visible here and in Agriculture

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General Principles of TRIPS

Article 1

Nature and Scope of Obligations

Article 2

Intellectual Property Conventions

Article 3

National Treatment

Article 4

Most-Favoured-Nation Treatment

Article 5

Multilateral Agreements on Acquisition or Maintenance of

Protection

Article 6

Exhaustion

Article 7

Objectives

Article 8

Principles

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TRIPS ...3

Enforcement Provisions

Not enough to ask members to introduce provisions for protection of rights

Specific provisions needed introduction to enforce the rights

Shift in emphasis from legislative enabling to enforcement

The Dispute Settlement Procedures of WTO

Developing countries now subject to bilateral and multilateral pressures on enforcement regimes

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Flexibilities

Operate on the principle of the sovereign right of nations to enact laws to suit their own needs

Article 1.1

Members shall give effect to the provisions of this Agreement. Members may, but shall not be obliged to, implement in their law more extensive protection than is required by this Agreement, provided that such protection does not contravene the provisions of this Agreement. Members shall be free to determine the appropriate method of implementing the provisions of this Agreement within their own legal system and practice.

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Flexibilities

How *can* they operate in practice?

Doha Declaration on TRIPS and Public Health

Members free to establish their own regimes for exhaustion, subject to mostfavoured nation and national treatment.

Exhaustion of rights –refers to cases in which intellectual property rights are deemed exhausted after first sale of the protected product by the right holder or with his consent.

Can developing countries facilitate in their legislation their ability to import patented medicines if they can get them cheaper elsewhere in the world, such as through exhaustion of rights? [Parallel Imports]

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Flexibilities

How <u>do</u> they operate in practice?

Disputes at the WTO

Dispute settlement procedures

Jurisprudence has not yet evolved to maturity

Costly for developing countries

Is there a built-in bias?

Flexibilities are not unambiguous and concrete

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TRIPS and IPRs

Patents

Article 27: Patentable Subject Matter

Article 28: Rights conferred

Article 29: Conditions on Patent applicants

Article 30: Exceptions to rights conferred

Article 31: Other Use Without Authorization of

the Right Holder

Article 32: Revocation/Forfeiture

Article 33: Term of Protection

Article 34: Process Patents: Burden of Proof

Trademarks

Article 15: Protectable Subject Matter

Article 16: Rights conferred

Article 17: Exceptions

Article 18: Term of Protection

Article 19: Requirement of use

Article 20: Other requirements

Article 21: Licensing and Assignment

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TRIPS and IPRs

Designs

Article 25

Requirements for Protection Members obliged to protect designs Special provision for textile designs

Article 26

Protection

Against unauthorised making, selling or importing articles

limited exceptions on the basis of two out of the 3 step test

Geographical Indications

Article 22:

Protection of Geographical Indications Allows for treating infringement as unfair trade practice

Article 23:

Additional Protection for Geographical Indications for Wines and Spirits

Article 24:

International Negotiations; Exceptions

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TRIPS and IPRs

Copyrights

Article 9: Relation to Berne Convention

Article 10: Computer Programs as literary works under Berne Compilations of Data to be protected as original works

Article 11: Rental Rights

Article 12: Term of Protection

Article 13: Limitations and Exceptions – 3-step test

Article 14: Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms (Sound Recordings) and **Broadcasting Organizations**

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TRIPS and IPRs Integrated Circuits

Article 35: Relation to the IPIC Treaty

Article 36: Scope of the Protection

importing, selling, or otherwise distributing for commercial purposes

Article 37: Acts Not Requiring the Authorization of the Right Holder

Article 38:Term of Protection

A minimum period of 10 years

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TRIPS and IPRs

Trade Secrets: Protection of Undisclosed Information

Article 39

- 1. In the course of ensuring effective protection against unfair competition as provided in **Article 10** *bis* of the Paris Convention (1967), Members shall protect undisclosed information in accordance with paragraph 2 and data submitted to governments or governmental agencies in accordance with paragraph 3.
- 2. Natural and legal persons shall have the possibility of preventing information lawfully within their control from being disclosed to, acquired by, or used by others without their consent in a manner contrary to honest commercial practices 10 so long as such information:
 - (a) is secret in the sense that it is not, as a body or in the precise configuration and assembly of its components, generally known among or readily accessible to persons within the circles that normally deal with the kind of information in question;
 - (b) has **commercial value** because it is secret; and
 - (c) has been subject to **reasonable steps** under the circumstances, by the person lawfully in control of the information, to keep it secret.

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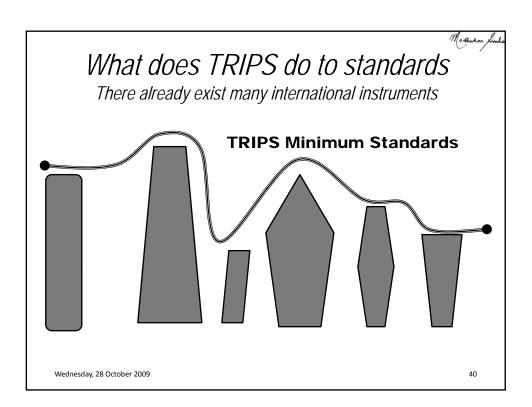
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TRIPS and IPRs

Trade Secrets: Protection of Undisclosed Information
Article 39

3. Members, when requiring, as a condition of approving the marketing of pharmaceutical or of agricultural chemical products which utilize new chemical entities, the submission of undisclosed test or other data, the origination of which involves a considerable effort, shall protect such data against unfair commercial use. In addition, Members shall protect such data against disclosure, except where necessary to protect the public, or unless steps are taken to ensure that the data are protected against unfair commercial use.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan 23, 2009 (Reuters)

Brazil Protests

Brazil said it would file a complaint at the World Trade Organization over the seizure by Dutch authorities of a shipment of a generic high blood pressure drug made in India.

Local foreign and health ministries said a company claiming to have intellectual property rights to the arterial hypertension drug losartan in the Netherlands requested customs authorities seize a shipment of a generic version of the drug in transit from India to Brazil, two countries where the patent is not protected.

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Feb 10 2009, 0530 hrs

Netherlands assures India on drug issue

Netherlands on Tuesday assured immediate solution into the recent generic drug consignment seizure issue by the Dutch authorities, which was on its transit to Brazil and Colombia from India. It contained generic drug Losartan manufactured by Indian pharma giant Dr Reddy's.

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Monday, 9 Mar 2009

Netherlands impounds Nigeria-bound HIV/AIDS drugs

The Netherlands has seized a large consignment of anti-retroviral drugs meant for Nigeria.

According to a report by The Financial Times of London on Thursday, the Dutch authorities seized the India-made drugs on the grounds that they were counterfeit and violated patent rules.

The drugs which were paid for by donor governments, including France and the United Kingdom, were imported through Schipol Airport in Amsterdam by a Geneva-based agency, Unitaid.

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Impact of TRIPS on Trade

Domestic Market

Free riding on existing rights of others not easy – Imitation made difficult

Harmonising of IP Laws means easy for foreigners to obtain protection in India

Foreign right holders can enforce their rights

International Market

Exporters need to be aware of IP content of their products

Exporters need to be aware of competitors' IP

IP can be used as a barrier to trade

Reverse Engineered products susceptible to legal action

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IPR Legislations in India

The Copyright Act (1957), as amended from time to time Patent Act (1970)

Trade Marks Act (1999)

Patents (First Amendment) Act (1999)

Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration & Protection) Act, 1999 Designs Act (2000)

Biological Diversity Act (2000)

Protection of Plants and animals-Farmers Right Act (2001) and Seeds Act (2002)

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